Operation Manual



Preface

The manual is intended to provide detailed information of product information, installation, application, trouble shooting, precautions and maintenance of iMars series grid-tied solar inverters. The manual does not contain all the information of the photovoltaic system. Please read this manual carefully and follow all safety precautions seriously before any moving, installation, operation and maintenance to ensure correct use and high performance of operation on the inverter.

The use of iMars series grid-tied solar inverters must comply with local laws and regulations on grid-tied power generation.

The manual needs to be kept well and be available at all times.

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There may be data deviation because of product improving. Detailed information is in accordant with the final product.

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1 Safety precautions

iMars series grid-tied solar inverters are designed and tested strictly in accordance with relevant international safety standards. As an electrical and electronic device, all relevant safety regulations must be strictly complied during installation, operation, and maintenance. Incorrect use or misuse may result in:

- Injury to the life and personal safety of the operator or other people.
- Damage to the inverter or other property belonging to the operator or other people.

In order to avoid personal injury, damage to the inverter or other devices, please strictly observe the following safety precautions.

This chapter mainly describes various waring symbols in operation manual and provides safety instructions for the installation, operation, maintenance and use of the iMars series grid-tied solar inverters.

1.1 Icons

This manual provides relevant information with icons to highlight the physical and property safety of the user to avoid device damage and physical injury.

The icons used in this manual are listed below:

| Icons | Name | Instruction | Abbreviation |
|-----------|--------------|--|--------------|
| Danger | Danger | Serious physical injury or even death may occur if not follow the relative requirements | 4 |
| Warning | Warning | Physical injury or damage to the devices may occur if not follow the relative requirements | <u>^</u> |
| Do not | Do not | Damage may occur if not follow the relative requirements | |
| Hot sides | Hot sides | Sides of the device may become hot. Do not touch. | |
| Note | Note | Physical hurt may occur if not follow the relative requirements | Note |

1.2 Safety guidelines



- The first thing after receiving is to check for any visible damage to the package or to the inverter. If there is something suspected, contact the shipping company and local dealer before installing.
- Only qualified electricians are allowed to operate on the inverter.
- Do not carry out any wiring and inspection or changing components when the power supply is applied.



 This product can cause a residual current in the external protective earth conductor. Where a residual current-operated protective (RCD) or monitoring (RCM) device is strongly recommend to used for protection in a case of direct or indirect contact, only an RCD or RCM of Type B is allowed on the supply side of this product;



- Ensure that there is no electromagnetic interference from other electrical and electronic equipments on the installation site.
- Do not refit the inverter unauthorized.

| All the electric installation needs to be compliance with the national or local |
|---|
| laws and standards. |



The temperature of individual parts or the enclosure of the inverter—especially
the heat sink may become hot in normal operation. There is a danger of
burning. Do not touch.



 Do not open the cover of inverters unauthorizedly. The electrical parts and components inside the inverter are electrostatic. Take measurements to avoid electrostatic discharge during relevant operation.



• The inverter must be reliably grounded.



• Ensure that DC and AC side circuit breakers have been disconnected and wait at least 5 minutes before wiring and checking.

Note: Technical personnel who can perform installation, wiring, commissioning, maintenance, troubleshooting and replacement of the iMars series grid-tied solar inverters must meet the following requirements:

- Operators need professional training.
- Operators must read this manual completely and master the related safety precautions.
- Operators need to be familiar with the relevant safety regulations for electrical systems.
- Operators need to be fully familiar with the composition and operating principle of the entire grid-tied photovoltaic power generation system and related standards of the countries/regions in which the project is located.
- Operators must wear personal protective equipment.

1.2.1 Delivery and installation

- Keep the package and unit complete, dry and clean during storage and delivery.
- Please remove and install the inverter with two or more people, because of the inverter is heavy.

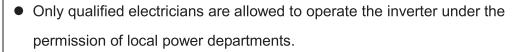


- Remove and install the inverter with appropriate tools to ensure safe and normal operation and avoid physical injury or death. The people also need mechanical protective measures, such as protective shoes and work clothes.
- Only qualified electricians are allowed to install the inverter.

- Do not put and install the inverter on or close to combustible materials.
- Keep the installation site away from children and other public places.
- Remove the metal jewelry such as ring and bracelet before installation and electrical connection to avoid electric shock.
- Do cover solar modules with light-tight materials. Exposed to sunlight, solar modules will output dangerous voltage.
- The inverter input voltage does not exceed the maximum input voltage;
 otherwise inverter damage may occur.
- The positive and negative pole of solar modules can not be grounded, otherwise irrecoverable damage may occur.
- Ensure the proper grounding of the inverter, otherwise, improper connection or no grounding may cause stop of the inverter.
- Ensure reliable installation and electrical connection.
- When the photovoltaic generator cells are exposed to light (even if it is dim), the generator supplies DC voltage to the inverter.

Note: iMars series grid-tied solar inverters are only for crystalline silicon solar modules.

1.2.2 Grid-tied operation





- All electrical connections must meet the electrical standards. of the countries/regions in which the project is located.
- Ensure reliable installation and electrical connection before operation.
- Do not open the cover of inverter during operation or voltage is present.

1.2.3 Maintenance and inspection

- Only qualified electricians are allowed to perform the maintenance, inspection, and components replacement of the inverter.
- Contact with the local dealer or supplier for maintenance.



- In order to avoid irrelevant personnel from entering the maintenance area during maintenance, temporary warning labels must be placed to warn non-professionals to enter or use fence for isolation.
- Firstly disconnect all power supplies of the grid to the inverter before any maintenance, and then disconnect the breakers and wait for at least 5 minutes

until the inverter is discharged before maintenance.

- Please follow electrostatic protection norms and take correct protective measures because of the electrostatic sensitive circuits and devices in the inverter.
- Do not use parts and components not provided by our company during maintenance.
- Restart the inverter after settling the fault and problem which may affect the safety and performance of the inverter.
- Do not get close to or touch any metal conductive part of the grid or inverter, otherwise electric shock, physical injury or death and fire may occur. Please do not ignore the warning icons and instructions with "electric shock".

1.2.4 What to do after scrapping



Do not dispose of the inverter together with household waste. The user has
the responsibility and obligation to send it to the designated organization for
recycling and disposal.

2 Product overview

This chapter mainly describes the appearance, packaging accessories, name plate, technical parameters and other information of iMars series grid-tied solar inverters.

2.1 Solar grid-tied power generation system

2.1.1 Application

The photovoltaic grid-tied power generation system consists of solar modules, grid-tied inverter, metering devices and public grid.

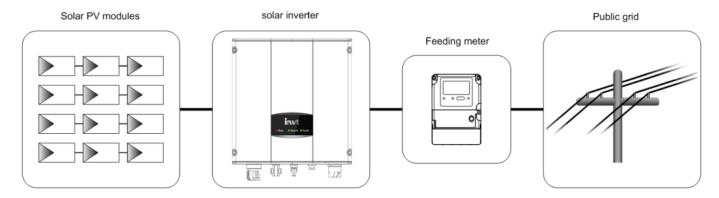


Figure 2.1 Application of iMars series grid-tied solar inverters

Grid-tied solar inverter is the core of photovoltaic power generation system. The solar energy can be converted into DC electric energy through solar modules and then be changed into sinusoidal AC energy which has the same frequency and phase with the public grid by grid-tied solar inverters, and then be fed to the grid.

iMars series grid-tied solar inverters are only applied in solar grid-tied power generation system and its DC input are only composed of crystalline silicon solar modules whose negative and positive poles are not grounded.



- The recommended solar modules need to comply with IEC61730 Class A rating.
- iMars series grid-tied solar inverters are only for crystalline silicon solar modules.

2.1.2 Supported grid connection structure

iMars series grid-tied solar inverters support TN-S, TN-C, TN-C-S and TT grid connection. When applied to the TT connection, the N-to-PE voltage should be less than 30V.

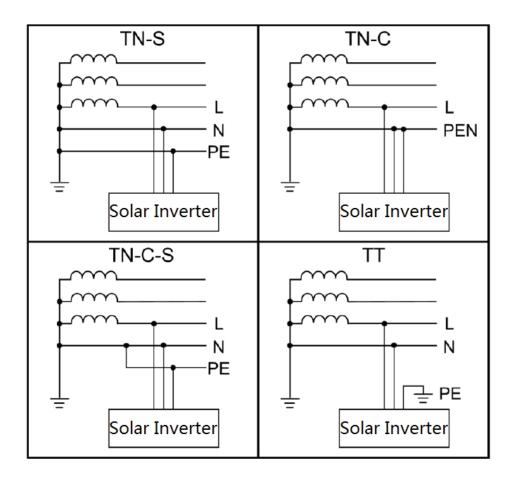


Figure 2.2 Type of grid

2.2 Products appearance

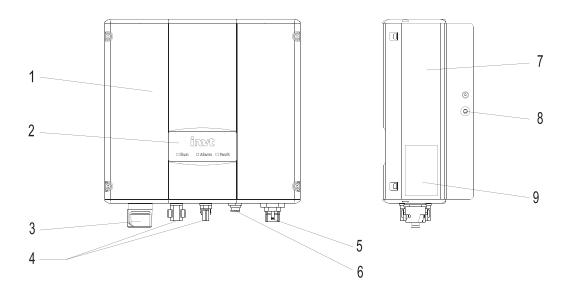


Figure 2.3 Products appearance

Table 2-1 Parts instruction

| No. | Name Instruction | |
|-----|--------------------|---|
| 1 | Cover | |
| 2 | Operational panel | LED indicators |
| 3 | DC switch | On –off of the DC input (optional) |
| 4 | DC input port | For the connection of solar modules |
| 5 | AC terminal | For the connection of AC output |
| 6 | Communication port | RS485 and EXT communication port |
| 7 | Cooling chamber | |
| 8 | Radiator | |
| 9 | Name plate | For rated parameters and safety precautions |
| 9 | Name plate | of the inverter |

2.3 Nameplate

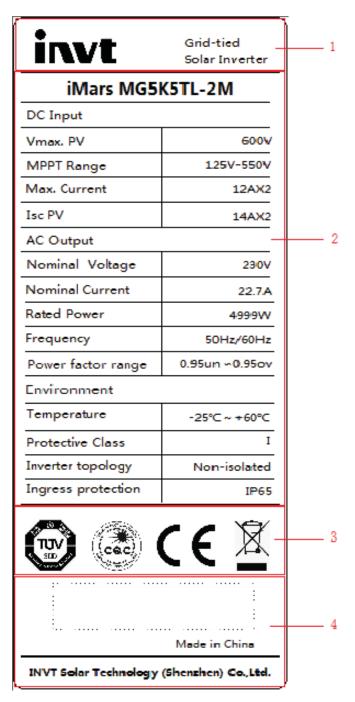


Figure 2.4 Inverter nameplate

- (1) Trademark and product type
- (2) Model and important technical parameters
- (3) Certification system of the inverter confirming
- (4) Serial number, company name and country of origin.

| Icons | Instruction | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| SUD OF THE PARTY O | TUV certification mark. The inverter is certified by TUV. | | | | |
| CE | CE certification mark. The inverter complies with the CE directive. | | | | |
| COC | CQC certification mark. The inverter is certified by CQC. | | | | |
| | EU WEEE mark. Cannot dispose of the inverter as household waste. | | | | |

2.4 DRM instruction



Figure 2.5 DRM label

Table 2-2 DRMs instruction

| No. | Mode | Requirement |
|-----|--------|--|
| 1 | DRM0 | Operter the disconnection devise |
| 2 | DRM1 | Do not consume power |
| 3 | DRM2 | Do not consume at more than 50% of rated power |
| 4 | DRM3 | Do not consume at more than 75% of rated power AND Source reactive |
| 4 | DRIVIS | power if capable |
| 5 | DRM4 | Increase power consumption(subject to constraints from other active |
| 3 | DKIVI4 | DRMs) |
| 6 | DRM5 | Do not generate power |
| 7 | DRM6 | Do not generate at more than 50% of rated power |
| 8 | DRM7 | Do not generate at more than 75% of rated power AND Sink reactive |
| 0 | DKIVIT | power if capable |
| 9 | DRM8 | Increase power generation(subject to constraints from other active DRMs) |

Note: Our product only realize the DRM0 function

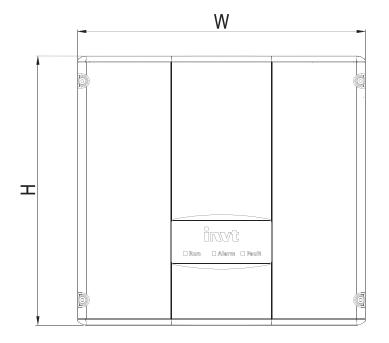
2.5 Products modules

Table 2-3Models of iMars grid-tied solar inverter

| Product name | Model | Rated output power |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Single-phase (L, N, PE) | | |
| Single-phase grid-tied solar inverter | iMars MG750TL | 750 |
| Single-phase grid-tied solar inverter | iMars MG1KTL | 1000 |
| Single-phase grid-tied solar inverter | iMars MG1K5TL | 1500 |
| Single-phase grid-tied solar inverter | IMars MG2KTL | 2000 |
| Single-phase grid-tied solar inverter | iMars MG3KTL | 3000 |
| Single-phase grid-tied solar inverter | iMars MG4KTL | 3680 |
| Single-phase grid-tied solar inverter | iMars MG4K6TL | 4200 |
| Single-phase grid-tied solar inverter | iMars MG5KTL | 4600 |
| Single-phase grid-tied solar inverter | iMars MG3KTL-2M | 3000 |
| Single-phase grid-tied solar inverter | iMars MG4KTL-2M | 3680 |
| Single-phase grid-tied solar inverter | iMars MG4K6TL-2M | 4200 |
| Single-phase grid-tied solar inverter | iMars MG5KTL-2M | 4600 |
| Single-phase grid-tied solar inverter | iMars MG5K5TL-2M | 4999 |

Note: Refer to the product specifications in chapter 9 for detailed information.

2.6 Dimensions and weight



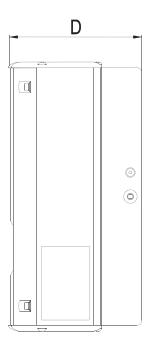


Figure 2.6 Inverter dimensions

Table 2-4 Inverter dimension and net weight

| Model | H (mm) | W (mm) | D (mm) | Net weight (kg) |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| MG750TL / MG1KTL / MG1K5TL / MG2KTL / MG3KTL | 280 | 300 | 138 | 9.5 |
| MG4KTL / MG4K6TL / MG5KTL | 365 | 360 | 150 | 15 |
| MG3KTL-2M / MG4KTL-2M / MG4K6TL-2M / MG5KTL-2M/ MG5K5TL-2M | 420 | 360 | 150 | 17 |

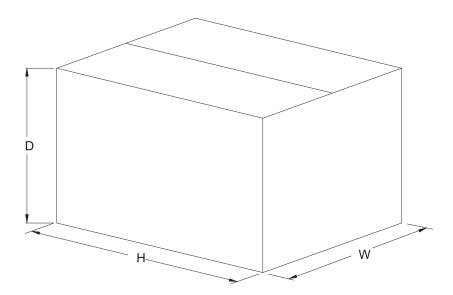


Figure 2.7 Paper packages dimension

Table 2-5 Packages dimension and gross weight

| Model | H (mm) | W (mm) | D (mm) | Gross weight (kg) | Packagin g Material |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------------|------------------------|
| MG750TL / MG1KTL / MG1K5TL / MG2KTL / MG3KTL | 411 | 418 | 251 | 11 | Paper |
| MG4KTL/MG4K6TL | 518 | 480 | 284 | 17 | Paper |
| MG3KTL-2M / MG4K6TL / MG4KTL-2M / MG4K6TL-2M / MG5KTL-2M/ MG5K5TL-2M | 573 | 480 | 284 | 19 | Paper |

3 Storage

If the inverter is not put into use immediately, the storage of inverter should meet the following requirements:

- Do not remove the outer packing.
- The inverter needs to be stored in a clean and dry place, and prevent the erosion of dust and water vapor.
- The storage temperature should be kept at $-40^{\circ}\text{C}^{-}+70^{\circ}\text{C}$, and the relative humidity should be kept at $5\%\text{RH}^{-}95\%\text{RH}$.
- The stacking of inverters is recommended to be placed according to the number of stacking layers in the original shipment. Place the inverter carefully during stacking to avoid personal injury or equipment damage caused by the falling of equipment.
- Keep away from chemically corrosive substances that may corrode the inverter.
- Periodic inspections are required. If damages are found by worms and rats, or packaging are found to be damaged, the packaging materials must be replaced in time.

After long-term storage, inverters need to be inspected and tested by qualified personnel before put into use.

4 Installation

This chapter describes how to install the inverter and connect it to the grid-tied solar system (including the connection between solar modules, public grid and inverter).

Read this chapter carefully and ensure all installation requirements are met before installation. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install the inverter.

4.1 Unpacking inspection

Inspect the information of the order and the name plate to ensure the product are the ordered one and no damage to the package. If any problem, contact the supplier as soon as possible.

Put the inverter into the package if not used and protect it from humidity and dust.

Check as following after unpacking:

- (1) Ensure no damage to the inverter unit.
- (2) Ensure the operation manual, port and installation accessories in the package.
- (3) Ensure no damage or loss to the items in the package.
- (4) Ensure the information of the order are the same as that of the name plate.

Packing list:

Table 4-1 Detailed delivery list of single-phase inverter

| No. | Name | Quantity | |
|-----|--|--|-------------------|
| 1 | MG750TL / MG1KTL / MG1K5TL / MG2KTL / MG3KTL/ MG4KTL / MG4K6TL / MG5KTL/MG3KTL-2M / MG4KTL-2M /MG4K6TL-2M / MG5KTL-2M/ MG5K5TL-2M inverter | 1 | |
| 2 | Installation bracket | 1 | |
| 3 | operation manual | 1 | |
| 4 | Hexagon assembling bolt M5*20 | 2 | |
| 5 | Expansion bolts M6*60 | MG750TL / MG1KTL/MG1K5TL / MG2KTL / MG3KTL MG4KTL / MG4K6TL / MG5KTL/ MG3KTL-2M / MG4KTL-2M / MG4K6TL-2M / MG5KTL-2M/ MG5K5TL-2M | 3pcs 4pcs |
| 6 | DC connector | MG750TL / MG1KTL / MG1K5TL / MG2KTL/MG3KTL MG4KTL/MG4K6TL/MG5KTL/M G3KTL-2M/MG4KTL-2M/ MG4K6TL-2M/MG5KTL-2M/ MG5K5TL-2M | 1 pair 2 pairs |
| 7 | AC connector | 1 | ı |

4.2 Before installation

4.2.1 Installation tools

Table 4-2 Tools list

| No. | Installation tools | Instruction | |
|-----|----------------------|---|--|
| 1 | Marking pen | Mark the installation hole | |
| 2 | Electrodrill | Drill in the bracket or wall | |
| 3 | Hammer | Hammer on the expansion bolts | |
| 4 | Monkey wrench | Fix the installation bracket | |
| 5 | Allen driver | Fasten the screws, remove and install AC wiring box | |
| 6 | Straight screwdriver | For AC wiring | |
| 7 | Megger | Measuring insulation performance and impedance | |
| 8 | Multimeter | Check the circuit and AC and DC voltage | |
| 9 | Electric iron | Weld communications cable | |
| 10 | Wire crimper | Crimp DC terminals | |

4.2.2 Installation place

Select installation place based on the following considerations:

- (1) Height from ground level should be enough to ensure that display and status LEDs are easy to read.
- (2) Select a well ventilated place sheltered from direct sun radiation and rain.
- (3) Allow sufficient space around the inverter to enable easy installation and removal from the mounting surface. Refer to Figure 4.1.
- (4) The environment temperature is between $-25^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 60^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- (5) The installation position keeps away from the interface of other electrical devise.
- (6) The inverter needs to be installed on a firm and sturdy surface, such as wall and metal bracket and so on.
- (7) The installation surface should be perpendicular to the horizontal line. Refer to Figure 4.2.
- (8) The installation should ensure that the inverter is reliably grounded, and the material of grounded metal conductor should be consistent with the metal material reserved for the grounding of the inverter.

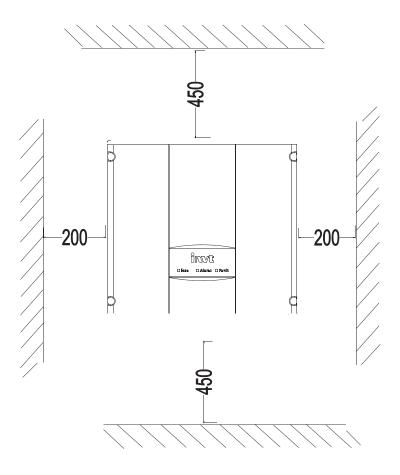


Figure 4.1Installation space

Ensure there is sufficient space for heat-releasing. In generally, below space requirement should be met:

Table 4-3 Detailed installation space

| | Minimum clearance |
|---------|-------------------|
| Lateral | 200mm |
| Тор | 450mm |
| Bottom | 450mm |

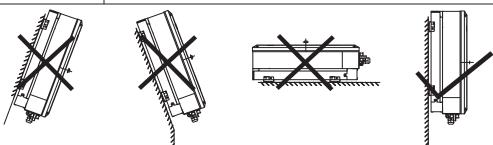


Figure 4.2 Installation position



 Do not remove any part and component of the inverter unintended; otherwise damage to the device and physical injury may occur.

4.2.3 Connection cables

The user can select connection cable according the table below:

Table 4-4 Cable specifications

| | DC : | AC side | | |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------|
| Model | Cross-section (length ≤50m) mm² | Cross-section (length >50m) mm² | Mini cross-section mm² | |
| | | | L | N/PE |
| MG750TL / MG1KTL / MG1K5TL / MG2KTL / MG3KTL | 4 | 4 | 4 | 1 |
| MG4KTL / MG4K6TL / MG5KTL / MG3KTL-2M / MG4KTL-2M / MG4K6TL-2M / MG5KTL-2M/ MG5K5TL-2M | 4 | 4 | (| 6 |

4.2.4 Miniature circuit breakers

It is recommended strongly to install circuit breakers or fuses at the DC input and AC output to ensure safe installation and running.



- In order to protect the PCE, user and installer, external DC and AC circuit breaker shall be equipped at the end-use application.
- The wiring shall be according local electric code. Choose proper cable for power input and output lines. Input and output cable shall be PV private cables suitable for outdoor use.

Table 4-5 Breakers specifications

| | DC input | AC output | |
|--|---|-------------------------|--|
| Model | Recommended DC breakers (optional for length >100m) | Recommended AC breakers | |
| MG750TL / MG1KTL/ MG1K5TL | DC500V, C10A, 2P | AC240V, C10A, 2P | |
| MG2KTL | DC500V, C16A, 2P | AC240V, C16A, 2P | |
| MG3KTL / MG3KTL-2M | DC500V, C16A, 2P | AC240V, C20A, 2P | |
| MG4KTL / MG4KTL-2M | DC600V, C20A, 2P | AC240V, C25A, 2P | |
| MG4K6TL / MG5KTL / MG4K6TL-2M / MG5KTL-2M/ MG5K5TL-2M | DC600V, C25A, 2P | AC240V, C32A, 2P | |

4.3 Mechanical installation

Since the installation place can be made by different construction materials, the inverter can be installed by different mounting methods. Take the typical installation environment as the example, the manual describes how to install the inverter on concrete wall. The inverter should be mounted in a vertical position of 90° to the horizontal line as shown in Figure 4.2.

4.3.1 Installation of single-phase inverter

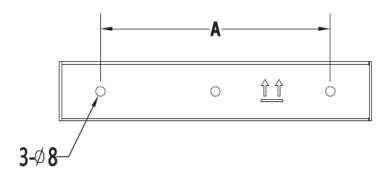


Figure 4.3 Installation bracket of 0.75~3kW inverter

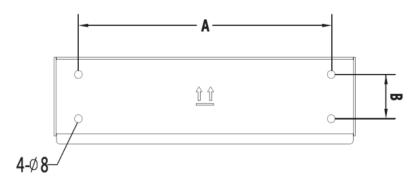


Figure 4.4 Installation bracket of 4~5kW inverter

Table 4-6 Size of installation bracket

| Madal | Installation hole | |
|--|-------------------|--|
| Model | A(mm)*B(mm) | |
| MG750TL/ MG1KTL / MG1K5TL / MG2KTL / MG3KTL | 195 | |
| MG4KTL / MG4K6TL / MG5KTL / MG3KTL-2M / | 200*45 | |
| MG4KTL-2M / MG4K6TL-2M MG5KTL-2M/ MG5K5TL-2M | 260*45 | |

Table 4-7 Instruction of installation bracket

| No. | Structure instruction |
|-----|---------------------------------|
| 1 | Installation hole ϕ 8 |
| 2 | Hexagon assembling bolt hole M5 |

Installation steps:

- (1) At first, take down the installation bracket from the package.
- (2) Put the installation bracket at the appropriate height and position on the wall, mark the hole location according to the fixing hole, drill the hole to a depth of about 70mm and according to the arrow sign mounting the bracket.
- (3) Lift the inverter to suspend it on the installation bracket through M8 hex socket cap screws.
- (4) Finally, fasten M5 hex socket cap screws connecting the inverter with the bracket and tighten the screws to 2 Nm. For firm installation, the operators cannot release the device until the inverter is installed on the bracket firmly.

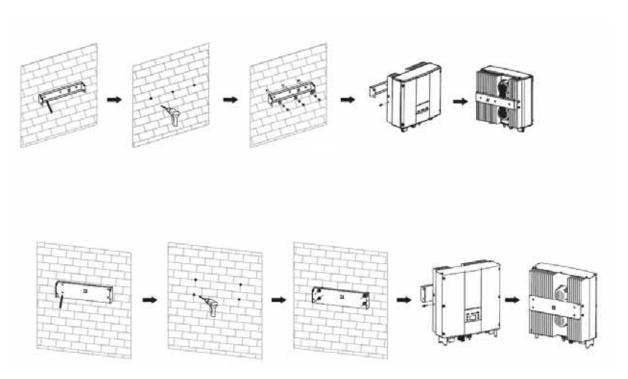


Figure 4.5 Installation of inverter

4.4 Electrical installation

This section proposes to describe detailed electrical installation and related safety instructions.

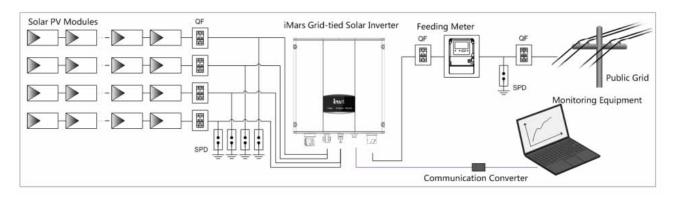


Figure 4.6 Block diagram of the grid-tied solar system

Improper operation during the wiring process can cause fatal injury to operator or unrecoverable damage to the inverter. Only qualified personnel can perform the wiring work.
 All electrical installations must be in accordance with local and national electrical codes.
 All cables must be firmly attached, undamaged, properly insulated and adequately dimensioned.
 It is not allowed to close the AC and DC breakers before the inverter is electrically connected
 Read and follow the instructions provided in this section while observing all safety warnings.
 Always note the rated voltage and current defined in this manual. Never exceed the limits.

4.4.1 Connection of solar modules

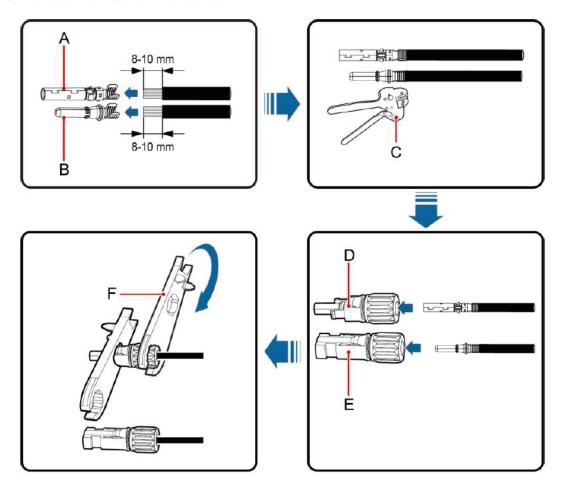


Figure 4.7 Connection between DC connector and solar modules

Connection steps:

(1) Lighting, short-circuit and other protection measures which meet the local electrical safety laws and regulations are needed before the AC connection.



- Only qualified cables under the local electrical safety laws and regulations are allowed to connect.
- (2) Connect the output cables of solar modules to the DC connector as Figure 4.7 shows. Loose the nut of connector and remove the isolation layer of the DC cable for about 15mm. Insert it into the connector and press until heart the lock sound. Finally lighten the nut to a torque of 2.5-3 Nm. The wiring of negative pole is the same Nm as that of the positive pole. Ensure the poles of solar modules are well connected with the connectors;
- (3) After the DC connector is connected, use a multimeter to measure the voltage of the DC input string, verify the polarity of the DC input cable, and ensure that the voltage of each string is within the allowable range of the inverter, as shown in Figure 4.8.

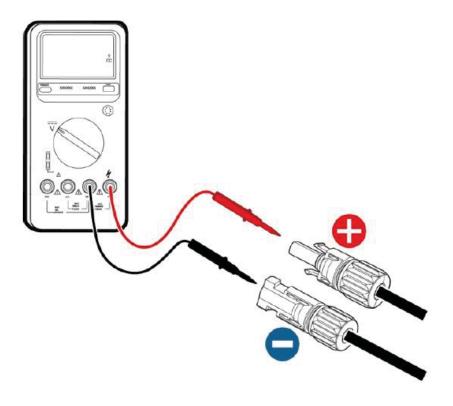


Figure 4.8 DC input voltage measuring



- The solar modules connected with the inverter needs to be the configured ones other than some connecting devices without authorized. Otherwise, device damage, unstable operation or fire may occur.
- (4) Connect the DC connector with the inverter and ensure tightly-fastened;
- (5) Insert the screw-driver into the hole of the connector to remove the connector form the inverter.
- (6) Unclench the pressed cover with screw-driver to remove the cables from the connector.

4.4.2 AC connection

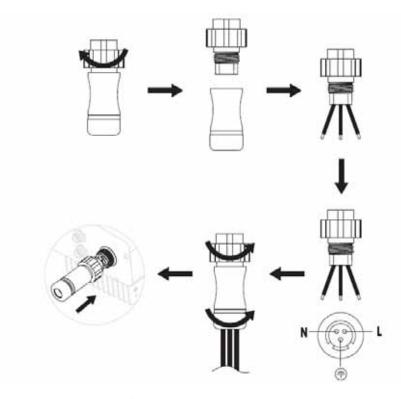


Figure 4.9 AC connection of single-phase inverter

Connection steps of single-phase inverter:

- (1) Before connecting the single-phase AC grid cable to the inverter, take lightning and short circuit protection measures in accordance with the local electrical safety codes;
- (2) As shown in Figure 4.9, connect and fasten L, N and PE conductors of the single-phase common grid to AC terminal tighten to 0.5 Nm, assemble the terminal tighten to 2.5-3 Nm, and then connect the terminal to the AC port of the inverter.
- (3) Fix and connect the DC output cables of PV board with the matched DC connectors, and then connect the connectors to the DC port of the inverter.



- Only qualified cables under the local electrical safety laws and regulations are allowed to connect.
- Only with the permission of the local electric power company can the inverter be connected to the utility grid.

5 Operation

This chapter describes detailed operation of the inverter which involves the inspection before operation, grid-tied operation, stopping and daily maintenance of the inverter.

5.1 Inspection before operation

Check as follows before operation (including but not limited to):

- (1) Ensure the installation site meet the requirement mentioned in section 4.2.2 for easy installation, removing, operation and maintenance;
- (2) Ensure the mechanical installation meet the requirement mentioned in section 4.3;
- (3) Ensure the electrical installation meet the requirement mentioned in section 4.4;
- (4) Ensure all switches are "off";
- (5) Ensure the voltage meet the requirement mentioned in chapter 9;
- (6) Ensure all electrical safety precautions are clearly-identified on the installation site.



 Do check as above before any operation if the system or inverter needs to be installed, refitted and maintained.

5.2 Grid-tied operation

Note

- When power on the inverter for the first time, please refer to section 6.5 to complete grid certification choice.
- Keep the inverter power on at least 30 minutes to charge for the internal clock battery.

Please start the inverter as follows:

- (1) Ensure the requirements mentioned in section 5.1 are met;
- (2) Switch on the breakers at the AC side;
- (3) Switch on the integrated DC switch;
- (4) Switch on the switch on the DC side;
- (5) Observe the LED indicators and information displayed on the screen. Refer to chapter 6 for detailed information.
- Run Green indicator blinks, others off: the inverter is power on and in self-inspection;
- Run Green indicator on, others off: the inverter is in power generation after self-inspection----successful commissioning.

"Warn" or "Fault" indicators are on or blinking: the inverter is power on, but fault occurs.

Please refer to section 6.3 for detailed information, and then stop as the section 5.3 mentioned, finally settle the problems as chapter 8. If all faults are solved, do as chapter 5 mentioned.

5.3 Stopping

Stop the inverter as follows it needs maintenance, inspection and troubleshooting:

- (1) Switch off the breakers at the AC side;
- (2) Switch off the integrated DC switch;
- (3) Switch off the switch on the DC side;
- (4) Wait at least 5 minutes until the internal parts and components are discharged. And then stop the inverter.

5.4 Daily maintenance

The inverter can perform power generation, start and stop automatically even the day and night shifts and seasons change in one year. In order to prolong the service life, daily maintenance and inspection are needed besides following the instructions mentioned in this manual seriously.

5.4.1 Regular maintenance

| Maintenance contents | Maintenance methods | Maintenance cycle |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| Store the operation data | Use real-time monitoring software to read inverter running data, regularly back up all inverter running data and stats. Check the monitoring software and inverter LCD screen to make sure the parameters are set correctly. | Once each quarter |
| Check inverter operation status | Check to make sure the inverter installation is solid, no damage or deformation. When inverter running, check to make sure the sound and variables are normal. When inverter running, use thermal imager to check whether the case cooling is normal. | Every six months |
| Clean the surface | Check the ambient humidity and dust around inverter, clean the inverter when necessary. See Section 5.4.2. | Every six months |
| Check electrical connection | Check the cable connection and inverter terminals, make sure they are connected reliably, not loose, and no damage, insulation reliable. | Every six months |

| Maintenance contents | Maintenance methods | Maintenance cycle |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------|
| Check the security features | Check the off-on feature of inverter: use monitoring software or LCD and keyboard on the inverter, do "off" and "on" operation, to confirm its off-on feature intact. At the same time, make sure monitoring software can normally communicate with the inverter. Check the warning label on or around the inverter, if necessary replaced. | Every six months |

5.4.2 Maintenance guide

Clean the inverter

Cleaning procedure is as follows:

- (1) Disconnect the input and output switches.
- (2) Wait ten minutes.
- (3) Use a soft brush or a vacuum cleaner to clean the surface and the inlet and outlet of the inverter.
- (4) Repeat Section 5.1 operating content.
- (5) Restart the inverter.

6 Display panel

This chapter describes the panel displaying and how to operate on the panel, which involves the LCD display, LED indicators and operation panel.

6.1 LED indicators

There are three LED indicators on the panel:

- (1) "Run", operation indicator, green;
- (2) "Warn" recoverable fault indicator, yellow;
- (3) "Fault", unrecoverable fault indicator, red.

The inverter state includes 6 states of stand-by, self-inspection, power generation, recoverable fault and unrecoverable fault; LED indicators are on, off and blinking. Please refer to table 6-1 for detailed state of inverter and LED indicators state.

"": LED indicator is off;
"(green), "(yellow), "(red): LED indicator is blinking at every 0.25S or 0.5S;
"(Green), "(yellow), "(red): LED indicator is on.

Table 6-1 Inverter state and LED indicators

| Inverter state | LED indicators | Description | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Stand-by | ◯ Run ◯ Warn ◯ Fault | No power on. All indicators off. | |
| Self-inspection | Run Warn Fault | Green indicator blinks in every 0.25s, others off. Power on and ready for self-inspection | |
| | Run Warn Fault | Green indicator keeps on, others off. Grid-tied power generation. | |
| Power generation | Run Warn Fault | (1) Grid-tied power generation, but clock fault (A007); (2) Grid-tied power generation, but DC input fault (A001 or E001); (3) Grid-tied power generation, but fan fault(E006 or E012); Green and yellow indicator keeps on, others off. | |
| Recoverable fault | Run Warn Fault | Inverter stand-by. The public grid fault(A001, A003, A004, A005or A006); Yellow indicator blinks in every 0.5s, others off | |

| Inverter state | LED indicators | Description | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| | Run Warn Fault | (1) Inverter stand-by. Temperature abnormal(E006); | |
| | | (2) Inverter stand-by. DC input fault (E001); | |
| | | Yellow indicator keeps on, others off | |
| | | Hardware or software fault (E003, E004, E005, E008, | |
| | ○ Run ○ Warn | E009, E011, E013 or E015). De-couple the inverter | |
| | • Fault | from the system before maintenance. | |
| Unrecoverable | | Red indicator blinks in every 0.5s, others off | |
| fault | ○ Run ○ Warn ● Fault | Current-leakage or unqualified output power energy of | |
| lauit | | the inverter (E007, E010, E014, E017, E018 or E020). | |
| | | De-couple the inverter from the system before | |
| | | maintenance. | |
| | | Red indicator keeps on, others off | |
| Artificial turned | Run Warn Fault | Stop after the communication or panel command. All indicators are on. | |
| Note | Please refer to cha | pter 5 and 7 for detailed fault information and | |
| Note | troubleshooting. | | |

6.2 Operation panel

There are 4 buttons on the panel:

- (1) "ESC", exit and return;
- (2) "∧", back to the front page and data increasing;
- (3) "V", to the next page and data decreasing;
- (4) "ENT", enter.

The machine can be turned on and off by pressing the buttons: press "ESC" and "ENT" (about 3 seconds) at the same time, and then the quick start-up and stop is available.

6.3 LCD screen

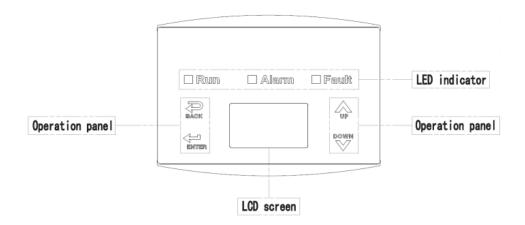


Figure 6.1 Operation panel

All information is displayed on the LCD screen. The background illumination of LCD screen will go out to save power if there is not button operation in 15 seconds. But it can be activated by pressing any button. Press "ENT" to enter into the main interface if the background illumination is on. All parameters can be viewed and set on the interface.

There are main interface and menu interfaces on the LCD screen, of which the main interface is the default one after power on, while the menu interfaces are used to watch and set parameters or other manual operation, such as viewing the monitoring parameters, history record, system information, statistics and fault information and setting the displayed language, time, communication address, password and factory defaults.

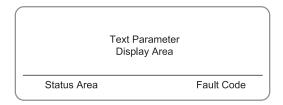


Figure 6.2 Main interface

The main interface of the LCD screen is shown as the Figure above:

- (1) The curve displays the power changing at the current day;
- (2) The words on the screen display the current key parameters of the inverter. Three lines of words are displayed at a time, but if the inverter is in operation or stand-by state, the words are rolling forward at every 3s. And the user can press "∧" or "∨" to look up the information freely;
- (3) 5 states of the inverter are displayed on the screen;
- (4) If the inverter is in fault or warning state, up to 8 corresponding fault codes can be displaying on the screen.

6.4 Functions operation

Most of the parameters can be viewed and set through the LCD screen and operation panel.

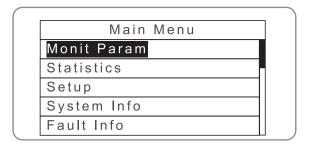


Figure 6.3 Main interface

6.4.1 Monitoring parameters

Press "∧" and "∨" in the main interface to select "Monit Param", and then press "ENT" to view the parameters which is shown in Figure 6.4. Go the front or next page through "∧" and "∨" and return through "ESC".

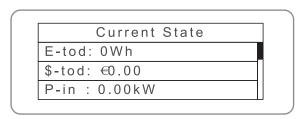


Figure 6.4 Monitoring parameters

6.4.2 History

Press "∧" and "∨" in the main interface to select "History", and then press "ENT" to view the parameters which is shown in Figure 6.5.

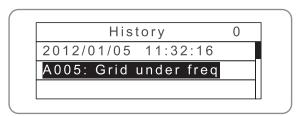


Figure 6.5 History parameters

There are 32 history records in total. Press " \wedge " and " \vee " to review the history record and press "ESC" to exit. The numbers on the top right is the serial No. of the record and the numbers in the second line display date when faults occur and settled. If the color of the third line illuminates, the fault occurs, if not, the fault is solved.

6.4.3 Statistics

Press " \wedge " and " \vee " in the main interface to select "Statistics", and then press "ENT" to view the parameters which is shown in Figure 6.6.

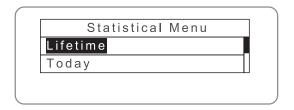


Figure 6.6 Statistic information

The information in table 6-2 can be viewed in the statistical menu.

Table 6-2 Statistic information

| Content | Detailed |
|----------------|--|
| Lifetime | Total operation time, total power produced, total power saved, total CO ₂ reduction in lifetime |
| Day statistics | Total power produced, total power saved, peak power and total CO ₂ reduction in current day |

6.4.4 Parameter settings

1) Press "∧" and "∨" in the main interface to select "Setup Menu", and then press "ENT" to view the parameters which is shown in Figure 6.7. Please enter the input password 9876 first before enter "Setup Menu" and "Control Menu".

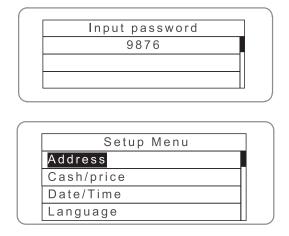
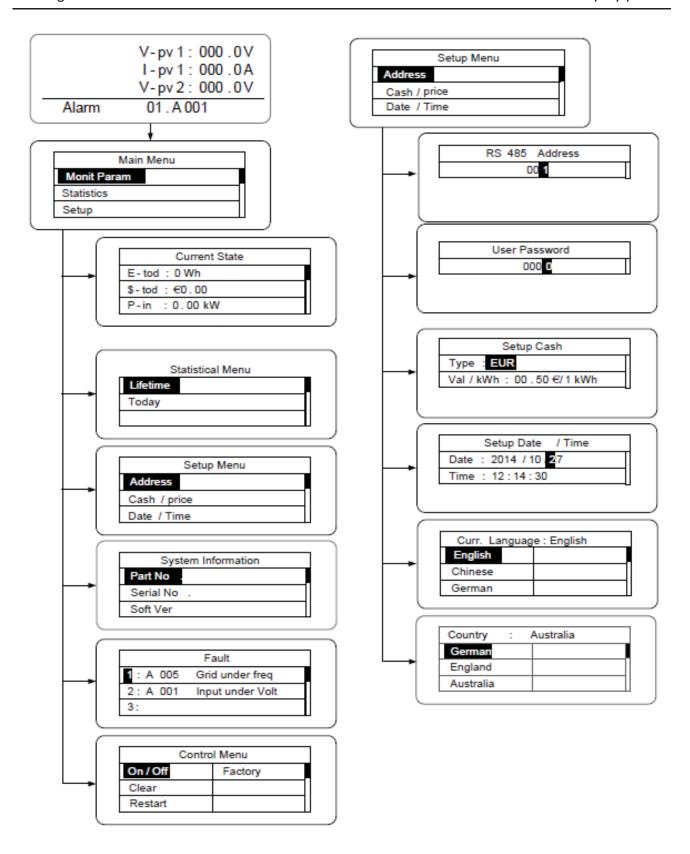


Figure 6.7 Setting information

Parameters can be set in this interface.

LCD menus:



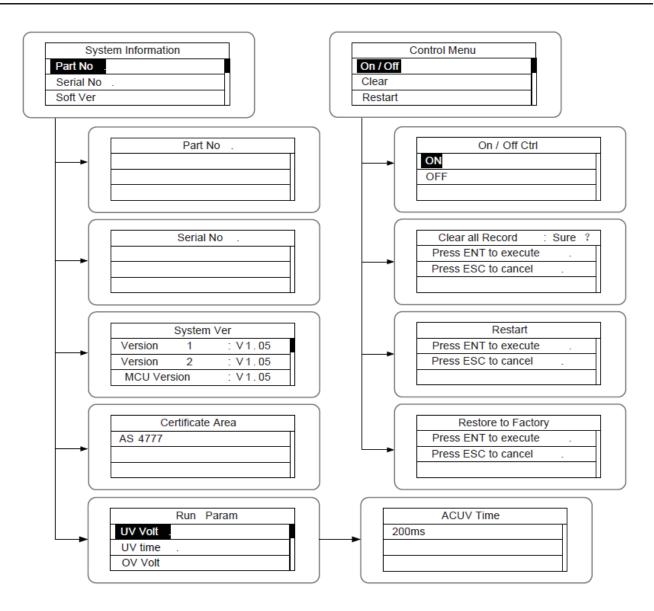
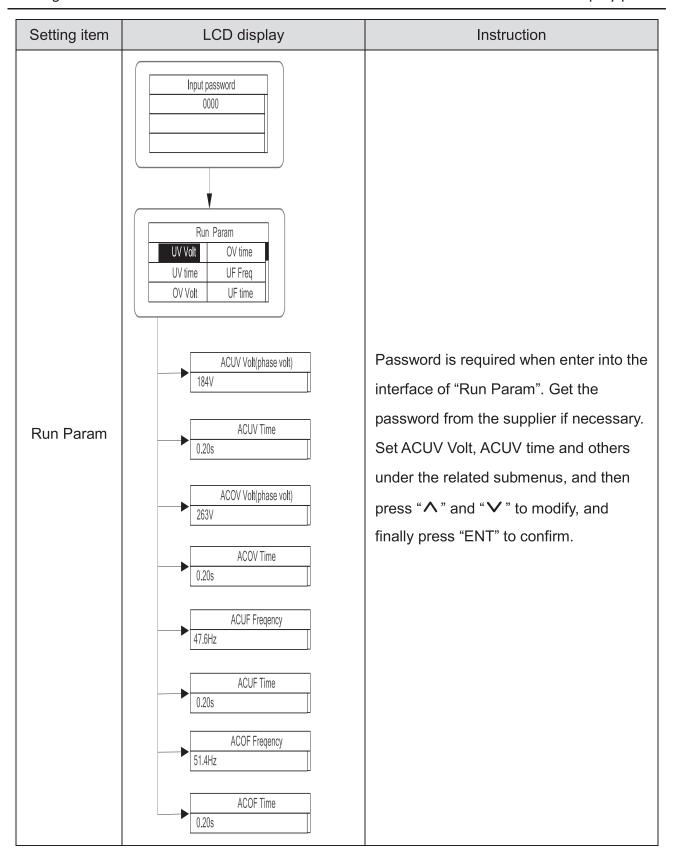


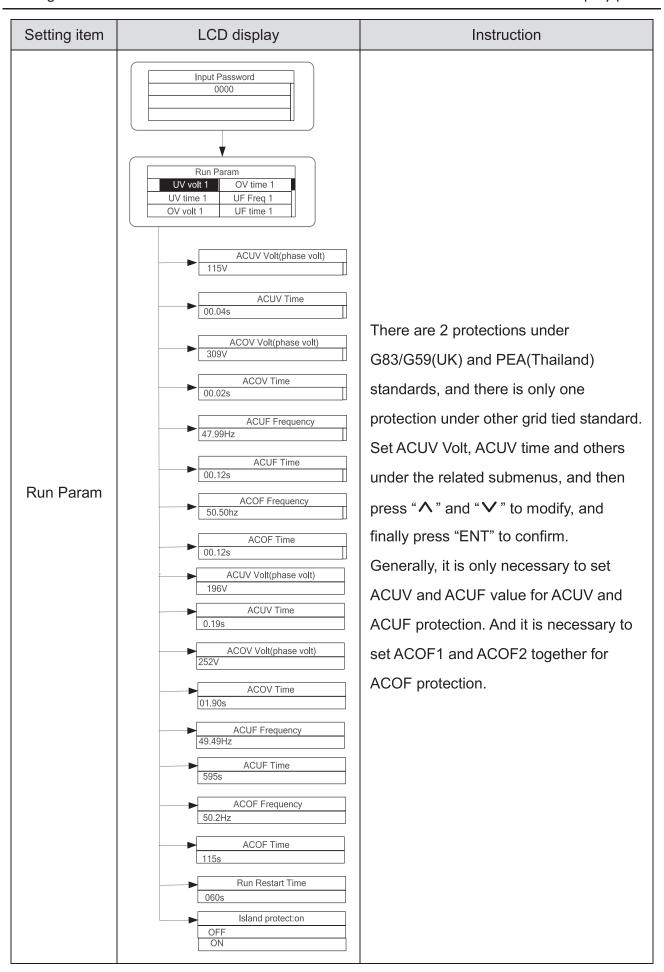
Table 6-3 Parameters setting

| Setting item | LCD display | Instruction |
|------------------|--------------------|--|
| RS485 Address | RS485 Address | Enter into the interface and edit the data through "\lambda" or "\lambda". And then press "ENT" again to the next bit. After editing the three bits, press "ENT" to save the edition and press "ESC" to exit. |
| User password | User Password 0000 | Enter into the interface and edit the data through "\[\lambda \]" or "\[\lambda \]". And then press "ENT" again to the next bit. After editing the four bits, press "ENT" to save the edition and press "ESC" to exit. |

| Setting item | LCD display | Instruction |
|--------------|--|---|
| | | The default password is "0000"; the user |
| | | can enter into the setting interface |
| | | without password. If the password is not |
| | | "0000", the user can enter into the |
| | | setting interface with password. |
| | | Enter into the interface and edit the |
| | | currency type and cash through "^" or |
| | | "♥". And then press "ENT" again to the |
| Cotun Cook | Setup Cash Type: EUR | next line. After editing the four bits, press |
| Setup Cash | Val/kWh: 00.50 € 1kWh | "ENT" to save the edition and press |
| | | "ESC" to exit. |
| | | The currency types include EUR, POD, |
| | | CNY and USD. |
| | Setup Date/Time Date: 2012/01/15 Time: 12:14:30 | Enter into the interface and edit the date |
| Cotup | | and time through "∧" or "∨". And then |
| Setup | | press "ENT" again to the next line. After |
| Date/Time | | editing the four bits, press "ENT" to save |
| | | the edition and press "ESC" to exit., |
| | | Enter into the interface and edit the |
| | Curr. Language : English English Chinese German | language through "∧" or "∨". And then |
| Language | | press "ENT" again to save the edition |
| | | and press "ESC" to exit. |
| | | The default language is English. |
| | | Enter into the interface and select |
| Select | Country : Australia German Greece | country through "∧" or "∨". And then |
| Country | England Denmark Australia Holland | press "ENT" again to save the edition |
| | | and press "ESC" to exit. |
| | | The DC input mode includes |
| Sotup mode | Setup Model: Independ Independ | "independent" and "parallel": |
| Setup mode | Parallel | "independent mode" is the independent |
| | | MPPT of Track A and Track B; "parallel |

| Setting item | LCD display | Instruction |
|--------------|-------------|--|
| | | mode" is the parallel MPPT of Track A |
| | | and Track B. |
| | | The default mode is "independent". |
| | | The input mode setting is invisible if the |
| | | inverter is in power generation. It is only |
| | | available during DC power on and AC |
| | | power off. |
| | | Press "∧" or "∨" to select the setting |
| | | mode and press "ENT" to save the |
| | | setting or "ESC" to return. |
| | | If the situation of section 6.4.8 occurs, it |
| | | is necessary to switch the DC input to |
| | | "parallel" mode. |





6.4.5 System Information

Press "∧" and "∨" in the main interface to select "System Information", and then press "ENT" to view the parameters which is shown in Figure 6.8.

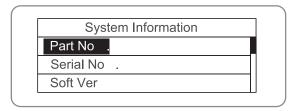


Figure 6.8 System information

The system information include "product model", "serial No.", "software version" and "certificate version".

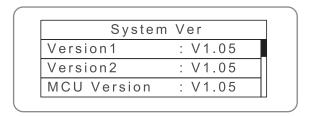


Figure 6.9 System version

6.4.6 Faults

Press "∧" and "∨" in the main interface to review the fault history, and then press "ENT" to view the sub-menu which is shown in Figure 6.10.

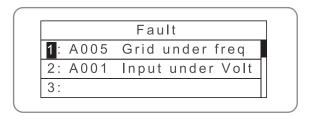


Figure 6.10 Fault information

There are 8 pieces of fault information in the record which is shown in Figure 6.10; otherwise it will display "No Fault!" Refer to section 6.4.2 for more detailed information.

6.4.7 Inverter control

Press "∧" and "∨" in the control interface, and then press "ENT" to view the sub-menu which is shown in Figure 6.11.

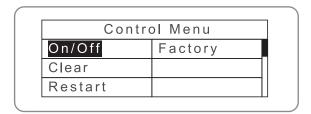


Figure 6.11 Control interface

Refer to the table below for detailed information.

Table 6-4 Inverter control

| Control item | LCD display | Instruction |
|--------------------|--|--|
| On/Off control | On/Off Ctrl ON OFF | Control the "On/Off" through the panel. Press "^" and "V" in the control interface to select the operation. Press "ENT" to ensure the operation and press "ESC" to return. |
| Restart | Restart Press ENT to execute. Press ESC to cancel. | Restart the inverter through the panel. And save the all settings and operation record. Press "ENT" to ensure restarting and the inverter will begin to self-inspect or press "ESC" to return. |
| Record clear | Clear all Record: Sure? Press ENT to execute. Press ESC to cancel. | Press "ENT" to ensure clear all records or press "ESC" to return. "Record clear" is to clear all setting parameters through the panel, restore to the factory setting and save all history operation records. |
| Restore to factory | Restore to Factory Press ENT to execute. Press ESC to cancel. | "Restore to factory" is to clear all setting parameters and history operation records through the panel, restore to the factory setting. Press "ENT" to ensure clear or press "ESC" to return. |

6.4.8 Mode settings

The default mode of series grid-tied solar inverter is "independent". But if the current of solar modules are joined into the inverter as Figure 6.12 shows, it is necessary to switch the mode into "parallel".

Only where there is more than 100V DC voltage input, LCD display working, and
 AC switch off, can query and modify the inverter DC input mode via the LCD screen and keypad.

6.5 Grid Certification Choice

Power on the inverter by DC input for the first time or after Restore factory settings, it will appear on the LCD screen prompts as follows:



Waiting a few seconds later, in the LCD screen will appear a list of countries as follows, requiring the user to choose what country of use. As shown below:



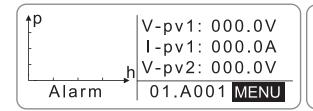


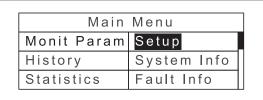
Press the " \wedge " or " \vee " button to navigate the country, press the ENT button to complete the setting.

After determine the location, please follow the user manual required with the proper use of inverter.

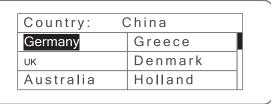
The user can change the location through the following ways:

LCD Screen: MENU→Main Menu: Setup→Setup Menu: Country→Country:



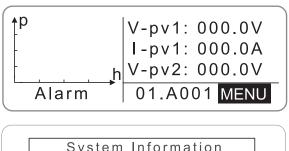






The user can guery the grid certification which has been set through the following ways:

LCD Screen: MENU→Main Menu: System Info→System Information: Cert. Area→Certificate Area



| Main Menu | | |
|-------------|-------------|--|
| Monit Param | Setup | |
| History | System Info | |
| Statistics | Fault Info | |

| System Information | | | | |
|--------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Part No. | Cert. Area | | | |
| Serial No. | Run Param | | | |
| Soft Ver | | | | |

| (| ertificate Area | |
|-------|-----------------|--|
| AS477 | 7 | |
| | | |
| | | |

Comparison Table: Available countries and their grid certification

| No. | Country | Certification | Remark |
|-----|-----------|-------------------|--------|
| 1 | Germany | VDE0126& AR-N4105 | |
| 2 | UK | G83/G59 | |
| 3 | Australia | AS4777 | |
| 4 | Greece | VDE0126 | |
| 5 | Denmark | TF321 | |
| 6 | Holland | C10/C11 | |
| 7 | China | CQC | |
| 8 | Thailand | PEA | |
| 9 | Other | VDE0126 | |

Reference Table: Grid certification and grid voltage and frequency of some countries

| No. | Country | Certification | Single-phase voltage | Grid frequency | |
|-----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--|
| 1 | Germany | | 220~230V | 50Hz | |
| 2 | France | | | | |
| 3 | Greece | | | | |
| 4 | Turkey | | | | |
| 5 | Romania | | | | |
| 6 | Slovakia | VDE0126& AR-N4105 | | | |
| 7 | Portugal | | | | |
| 8 | Poland | | | | |
| 9 | Hungary | | | | |
| 10 | Switzerland | | | | |
| 11 | Austria | | | | |
| 12 | UK | G83-2/G59-3 | 240V | 50Hz | |
| 13 | Australia | | 230~240V | 50Hz | |
| 14 | Singapore | AS4777.2&AS4777.3 AS/NZS3100 | | | |
| 15 | New Zealand | | | | |
| 16 | Belgium | | | | |
| 17 | Luxembourg | C10/C11 | 220~230V | 50Hz | |
| 18 | Holland | | | | |
| 19 | Denmark | TF3.2.1 | 220~230V | 50Hz | |
| 20 | Thailand | PEA | 220V | 50Hz | |
| 21 | China | CGC/CF001 | 220V | 50Hz | |
| 22 | Italy | ENEL | 230V | 50Hz | |

7 Monitoring communication

This chapter describes the communication connection of inverter and monitoring system (Industrial master, private computers, smart phones and so on).

7.1RS485-M and CT/METER ports

The standard communication mode of iMars grid-tied solar inverter is RS485 which includes "RS485-M" and "CT/METER" ports. The RS485-M port can communicate with private computers, smart phones and so on. The system monitoring solution is shown as Figure 7.1.The CT/METER port can connect the CT to detect the inverter output current or communicate with INVT Smart Meter to realize anti-reflux function.

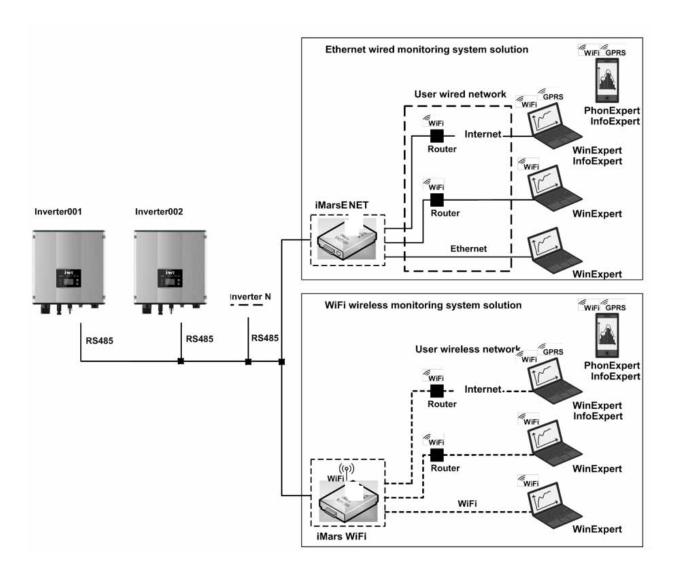


Figure 7.1 Monitoring system of inverter

7.1.1 Standard communication

Table 7-1 Pins on inverter instruction

| Pin on inverter | Definition |
|-----------------|------------|
| 1 | +5VDC |
| 2 | A (RS485+) |
| 3 | B (RS485-) |
| 4 | GND |

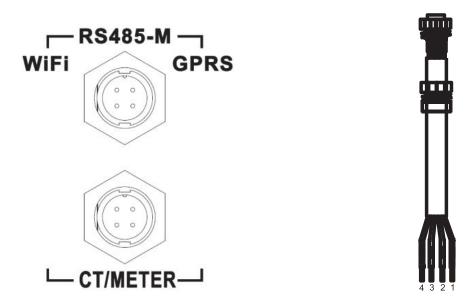


Figure 7.2 RS485 pin on inverter Connection steps:

Figure 7.3 Communication connector

(1) Weld communication cables to the RS485 terminals of the inverter as Figure 7.4 shows. Ensure the cable corresponds to the pin as table 7-1 shows and the welding is tight enough.

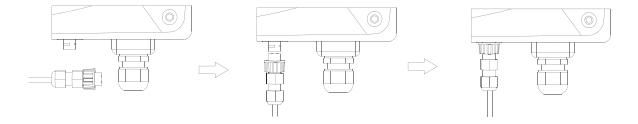


Figure 7.4 Detailed connection

- (2) According to Table 7-1, connect the communication connector pinout and the user's device, make sure the connection is correct.
- (3) Please download the monitoring software "iMars WinExpert" and its operation instruction.

7.2 RS485-DRM ports

Table 7-2 RS485-DRM Pins on inverter instruction

| Pin on inverter | Colour | Definition |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 1 | Red | RefGen |
| 2 | Yellow | Com/DRM0 |
| 3 | White | DRM1/5 |
| 4 | Black | DRM2/6 |
| 5 | Green | DRM3/7 |
| 6 | Blue | DRM4/8 |

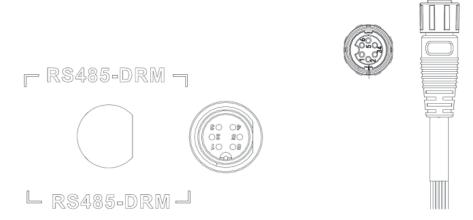


Figure 7.5 RS485-DRM pin on inverter

Figure 7.6 Connection cable

RS485-DRM connection steps:

- (1) Weld communication cables to the RS485 terminals of the inverter as figure 7.6 shows; Ensure the cable corresponds to the pin as table 7-2 shows and the welding is tight enough.
- (2) According to Table 7-2, connect the communication connector pinout and the user's device, make sure the connection is correct.

8 Troubleshooting

This chapter describes the fault alarm and fault code for quick troubleshooting.

Table 8-1 Fault code

| Faul4 | | | | |
|------------|---------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Fault code | Message | Instruction | Fault analysis | |
| A | | | | |
| | | | PV1 undervoltage | |
| A001 | Input UV | Input undervoltage | PV2 undervoltage | |
| A002 | Bus UV | Bus undervoltage | DC input | |
| A003 | Grid UV | AC undervoltage | Low voltage of the public grid | |
| A004 | Grid OV | AC overvoltage | High voltage of the public grid | |
| A005 | Grid UF | AC underfrequency | Low frequency of the public grid | |
| A006 | Grid OF | AC overfrequency | High frequency of the public grid | |
| A007 | Clock Fail | Clock alarm | Wrong setting | |
| A009 | Cmd Shut | Manual stutdown | Stop by the operation panel or upper PC | |
| A011 | Grid Loss | The public grid disconnects. | Check if inverter AC connection is well | |
| E | | | | |
| E001 | Input OV | Input overvoltage | DC input overvoltage | |
| E003 | Bus OV | Bus overvoltage | Internal bus voltage | |
| E004 | Boost Fail | Voltage-boost fault | Voltage-boost fault of the inverter | |
| E005 | Grid OC | AC overcurrent | Internal AC overcurrent | |
| E006 | OTP | Overtemperature | Internal overtemperature | |
| E007 | Riso Low | Low isolation | Low isolation impedance of the | |
| 2007 | Triso Eow | impedance | external port system | |
| E008 | IGBT drv | IGBT drive protection | IGBT drive protection of the inverter | |
| E009 | Int Comm | Internal | Master-slave DSP communication disabled | |
| 2000 | | communication fault | Error of master-slave DSP check bit | |
| E010 | ILeek Fail | Huge leakage current | Huge leakage current of the system or inverter | |
| E011 | Relay Fault | Relay fault | Internal relay fault | |
| E012 | Fan Fail | Fan fault | Internal fan fault | |
| E013 | Eeprom | Memory error | Internal memory error | |
| E014 | Dc inject | High DC injection | High DC injection during AC output | |
| E015 | OutputShort | Output short-circuit | Output short-circuit | |
| E018 | Input OC | Input overcurrent | DC input overcurrent | |
| E019 | Incnst | Data consistency | Inconsistent grid voltage, frequency, | |
| | | fault | leakage current or AC/DC injection | |
| E020 | PowerReversed | DC power reversed | DC power reversed | |

| lf any problem, please conta | act with the supplier and provide following information: |
|---|--|
| Model of the inverte | r: |
| Serial No. of the inv | erter: |
| System version:— | -version 1: |
| _ | —version 2: |
| | —MCU software version: |
| Fault code: | |

Fault description

9 Technical parameters

Table 9-1 Technical parameters

| Model | | Single-phase | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | | MG750TL | MG1KTL | MG1K5TL | MG2KTL | MG3KTL | MG4KTL | MG4K6TL | MG5KTL |
| | Max. DC voltage (V) | 400 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 600 |
| | Starting voltage (V) | 60 | 80 | 80 | 120 | 120 | 120 | 120 | 120 |
| | MPPT voltage(V) | 50-400 | 60-400 | 80-410 | 100-410 | 120-450 | 125-550 | 125-550 | 125-550 |
| | Operation voltage (V) | 100-320 | 121-360 | 165-360 | 180-360 | 210-400 | 240-500 | 240-500 | 250-500 |
| Input | MPPT/strings per MPPT | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/2 | 1/2 | 1/2 | 1/2 |
| (DC) | Max. DC power (W) | 900 | 1200 | 1700 | 2200 | 3300 | 4000 | 4600 | 5000 |
| | Max. input current (A) | 8x1 | 9x1 | 10x1 | 12×1 | 15×1 | 16×1 | 18×1 | 20×1 |
| | Isc PV | 8.8 | 9.9 | 11 | 13.2 | 16.5 | 18 | 20 | 22 |
| | Max inverter backfeed current to the array(A) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | DC switch | | | l. | Opt | ional | l. | l | I |
| | Max output power | 750 | 1000 | 1500 | 2000 | 3000 | 3680 | 4200 | 4600 |
| | Voltage(V)/ frequency(Hz) | 180~270Vac、 | 50Hz(47~51.5H | z) / 60Hz(57~61. | | AR-N4105、AS4 .1、PEA | 1777.2/AS4777.3 | 3, CQC, G83-2, (| 359-3、C10/11 |
| | Max. AC current (A) | 3.6 | 4.5 | 6.5 | 9 | 13 | 16 | 18.3 | 20 |
| Output | Maximum output overcurrent protection | 6.1 | 7.6 | 11.0 | 15.3 | 22.0 | 33.5 | 37.9 | 40.2 |
| (AC) | Maximum output fault current | | | 40A ,19.5ms | | | | 104A,37.2ms | |
| | AC inrush current | Less than 10 A Less than 2 A | | | | | | | |
| | Power factor | -0.95~+0.95 (adjustable) | | | | | | | |
| | Harmonic distortion | | | | < 3% (rate | ed power) | | | |
| | Cooling | Natural cooling | | | | | | | |
| | Maximum efficiency | 96.90% | 97.20% | 97.30% | 97.40% | 97.60% | 97.60% | 97.40% | 97.50% |
| | European efficiency | 96.00% | 96.10% | 96.30% | 96.50% | 96.50% | 96.50% | 96.50% | 96.50% |
| | MPPT efficiency | 99.9% | | | | | | | |
| | Protection degree | IP65 | | | | | | | |
| | Power consumption | < 1W | | | | | | | |
| | Isolation mode | Transformerless | | | | | | | |
| | Protective class | VI | | | | | | | |
| | Overvoltage category | AC:III,PV:II | | | | | | | |
| | inverter topology | Non-isolated | | | | | | | |
| System | Pollution degree | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | Operation temperature | | | (| -25℃~+60℃), | derate after 45° | C | | |
| | Relative humidity | | | | 4~100%, C | ondensation | | | |
| | Max. altitude(m) | | | < | 2000 (derate if t | he altitude>200 | 0) | | |
| | Displaying | LED/ LCD, backlit display | | | | | | | |
| | Systerm language | English, Chinese, German, Dutch | | | | | | | |
| | Communication | RS485 (standard); handheld keypad; WiFi (optional) | | | | | | | |
| | DC terminal | BC03A/ BC03B | | | | | | | |
| | Noise dB(A) | ≤25 | | | | | | | |
| | Installation mode | Wall installation | | | | | | | |
| Protection | Input overvoltage protection | n, input overcurr | ent protection, D | C isolation monit | oring, DC monit | oring, grounding | fault current moi | nitoring, grid mor | itoring, island |

| | | Single-phase | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Model | | MG3KTL-2M MG4K6TL-2M MG4K6TL-2M | | MG5KTL-2M/ | MG5K5TL-2M | | | |
| Max. DC voltage (V) | | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | | |
| | Starting voltage (V) | 120 | 120 | 120 | 120 | 120 | | |
| | MPPT voltage(V) | 125-550 | 125-550 | 125-550 | 125-550 | 125-550 | | |
| | Operation voltage (V) | 180-500 | 220-500 | 220-500 | 250-500 | 250-500 | | |
| | MPPT/strings per MPPT | 2/1 | 2/1 | 2/1 | 2/1 | 2/1 | | |
| Input(DC) | Max. DC power (W) | 3000 | 4000 | 4600 | 5000 | 5500 | | |
| | Max. input current (A) | 8×2 | 10×2 | 11×2 | 12×2 | 12×2 | | |
| | Isc PV | 9×2 | 11×2 | 12×2 | 14×2 | 14×2 | | |
| | Max inverter backfeed current to the array | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | DC switch | | | Optional | | • | | |
| | Max output power | 3000 | 3680 | 4200 | 4600 | 4999 | | |
| | N. B. A. O. C. (11.) | | 180~270Vac、 | 50Hz(47~51.5Hz) / 60Hz(| 57~61.5Hz) | • | | |
| | Voltage(V)/ frequency(Hz) | VDE0126& | AR-N4105、AS4777.2/A | S4777.3、CQC、G83-2、 | G59-3、C10/11、TF3.2 | 2.1、PEA | | |
| | Max. AC current (A) | 14 | 16 | 18.3 | 20 | 22.7 | | |
| Output(AC) | Maximum output overcurrent protection | 27.0 | 33.5 | 37.9 | 40.2 | 46.0 | | |
| | Maximum output fault current | 104A,37.2ms | | | | | | |
| | AC inrush current | Less than 2 A | | | | | | |
| | Power factor | -0.95~+0.95 (adjustable) | | | | | | |
| | Harmonic distortion | | | < 3% (rated power) | | | | |
| | Cooling | Natural cooling | | | | | | |
| | Maximum efficiency | 97.60% | 97.30% | 97.40% | 97.40% | 97.40% | | |
| | European efficiency | 96.50% | 96.40% | 96.50% | 96.50% | 96.50% | | |
| | MPPT efficiency | | | 99.9% | | | | |
| | Protection degree | | | IP65 | | | | |
| | Power consumption | < 1W | | | | | | |
| | Isolation mode | Transformerless | | | | | | |
| | Protective class | I | | | | | | |
| | Overvoltage category | AC:III,PV:II | | | | | | |
| | inverter topology | Non-isolated | | | | | | |
| System | Pollution degree | 3 | | | | | | |
| | Active anti-islanding method | Method A | | | | | | |
| | Operation temperature | (-25℃~+60℃), derate after 45℃ | | | | | | |
| | Relative humidity | 4~100%, Condensation | | | | | | |
| | Max. altitude(m) | <2000 (derate if the altitude>2000) | | | | | | |
| | Displaying | LED/ LCD, backlit display | | | | | | |
| | Systerm language | English, Chinese, German, Dutch | | | | | | |
| | Communication | RS485 (standard); handheld keypad; WiFi (optional) | | | | | | |
| | DC terminal | | | BC03A/ BC03B | | | | |
| | Noise dB(A) | ≤25 | | | | | | |
| | Installation mode | Wall installation | | | | | | |
| Protection | Input overvoltage protection, inpu | | C isolation monitoring, DC, short circuit protection, c | | ault current monitoring, g | rid monitoring, island | | |

201812(V1.0)